

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH
OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 5014-02
Bill No.: HCS for HB 1640
Subject: Taxation and Revenue - Income; Education, Higher; Science and Technology
Type: Original
Date: April 19, 2016

Bill Summary: This proposal modifies provisions relating to the Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics Fund.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
General Revenue	\$0 to (\$50,000)	\$0 to (\$50,000)	\$0 to (\$50,000)
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue	\$0 to (\$50,000)	\$0 to (\$50,000)	\$0 to (\$50,000)

Note: The fiscal note does not reflect the possibility that some of the tax credits could be utilized by insurance companies against insurance premium taxes. If this occurs, the loss in tax revenue would be split between the General Revenue Fund and the County Foreign Insurance Fund, which ultimately goes to local school districts.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics*	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

*Transfers In and expenses net to zero.

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

This fiscal note contains 7 pages.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	0	0	0

☐ Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$100,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials at the **Department of Higher Education (DHE)** assume DHE would be in charge of reviewing applications to have individuals' tax liability removed from General Revenue and placed in the Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics Fund (§173.670.6 and §620.3030.3). This would require the promulgation of rules to determine how an applicant would be selected, which could be handled with existing staff, and the addition of 2/3 FTE to handle the continuous influx of applications for the two new programs.

Oversight assumes the Department of Higher Education could absorb the work of this proposal with existing resources.

Officials at the **Office of Administration's Division of Budget and Planning (BAP)** assume this proposal provides a process whereby a qualifying taxpayer that hires a qualifying intern may apply to the Department of Higher Education to have up to \$5,000 of their tax liability removed from the General Revenue Fund and placed in the Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics Fund, which may subsequently be appropriated to a higher education institution. The annual limit on funds that may be moved from the General Revenue Fund under this proposal is \$50,000. This proposal will have no direct impact on Total State Revenues; but, to the extent appropriations are made to the new fund, this could reduce resources otherwise for other appropriations.

In response to a previous version, officials at the **Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions, and Professional Registration (DIFP)** assumed an unknown reduction of premium tax revenue as a result of the creation of the "Missouri Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics Initiative" tax credit is possible. Premium tax revenue is split 50/50 between General Revenue and County Foreign Insurance Fund except for domestic Stock Property and Casualty Companies who pay premium tax to the County Stock Fund. The County Foreign Insurance Fund is later distributed to school districts throughout the state. County Stock Funds are later distributed to the school district and county treasurer of the county in which the principal office of the insurer is located. It is unknown how each of these funds may be impacted by tax credits each year.

DIFP assumes 56 hours of programming at \$75 to the Premium Tax Tax Credit system for a total of \$4,212.

Oversight assumes DIFP will require minimal contract computer programming and can do so under existing appropriation. However, should multiple bills pass that would require additional updates, DIFP may need to request more expense and equipment appropriation through the

ASSUMPTION (continued)

budget process.

Officials at the **Department of Economic Development (DED)** assume §620.3030 creates the Economic Education Partnership Act.

§620.3030.3 allows an employer that provides educational benefits to employees to apply to have up to \$5,000 of the taxpayers state tax liability transferred from the general revenue to the Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics Fund. The cumulative amount of taxes transferred to the fund shall not exceed an annual amount of \$50,000.

§620.3030.4 The legislation asks DED to audit employers to ensure compliance with this section.

§620.3030.6 asks DED to promulgate rules to implement the section.

The requirement to audit employers and to promulgate rules will require that DED hire 1 FTE.

Oversight assumes this duties outlined in this proposal can be handled with current staff. Should DED see an increase in audits to justify an additional FTE, they can seek that FTE through the appropriations process.

Officials at the **Office of the State Treasurer, Joint Committee on Administrative Rules**, and **Department of Revenue** each assume no fiscal impact from this proposal to their respective organizations.

In response to a previous version, officials from the **Office of the Secretary of State (SOS)** stated many bills considered by the General Assembly include provisions allowing or requiring agencies to submit rules and regulations to implement the act. The SOS is provided with core funding to handle a certain amount of normal activity resulting from each year's legislative session. The fiscal impact for this fiscal note to the SOS for Administrative Rules is less than \$2,500. The SOS recognizes that this is a small amount and does not expect that additional funding would be required to meet these costs. However, the SOS also recognizes that many such bills may be passed by the General Assembly in a given year and that collectively the costs may be in excess of what the office can sustain with the core budget. Therefore, the SOS reserves the right to request funding for the cost of supporting administrative rules requirements should the need arise based on a review of the finally approved bills signed by the governor.

Oversight assumes the SOS could absorb the costs of printing and distributing regulations related to this proposal. If multiple bills pass which require the printing and distribution of regulations at substantial costs, the SOS could request funding through the appropriation process.

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Oversight assumes this proposal allows for the transfer out of General Revenue and into the Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics Fund of a taxpayers' tax liability if they hire an intern. Oversight will reflect the loss to General Revenue of \$0 (no money is transferred) to \$50,000 the annual limit allowed under these programs. Oversight assumes all money received in the STEM fund will be spent according to this proposal.

<u>FISCAL IMPACT - State Government</u>	FY 2017 (10 Mo.)	FY 2018	FY 2019
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GENERAL REVENUE

<u>Transfer Out</u> - to STEM fund - taxpayer tax liability transferred for hiring an intern or providing educational benefits §173.670 & §620.3030	<u>\$0 to (\$50,000)</u>	<u>\$0 to (\$50,000)</u>	<u>\$0 to (\$50,000)</u>
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ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE	<u>\$0 to (\$50,000)</u>	<u>\$0 to (\$50,000)</u>	<u>\$0 to (\$50,000)</u>
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**SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY,
ENGINEERING AND
MATHEMATICS FUND**

<u>Transfer In</u> - from General Revenue - taxpayers' tax liability for hiring an intern	\$0 to \$50,000	\$0 to \$50,000	\$0 to \$50,000
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<u>Cost</u> - matching funds for higher education institution programs	<u>\$0 to (\$50,000)</u>	<u>\$0 to (\$50,000)</u>	<u>\$0 to (\$50,000)</u>
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ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING AND MATHEMATICS FUND	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
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Note: The fiscal note does not reflect the possibility that some of the tax credits could be utilized by insurance companies against insurance premium taxes. If this occurs, the loss in tax revenue would be split between the General Revenue Fund and the County Foreign Insurance Fund, which ultimately goes to local school districts.

FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government

FY 2017
(10 Mo.)

FY 2018

FY 2019

\$0

\$0

\$0

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

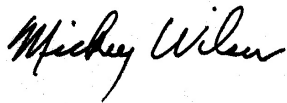
The bill authorizes any taxpayer who hires a student majoring in science, technology, engineering, or mathematics at a Missouri public or private two-year or four-year college to fill an internship position in one of those fields for at least 15 hours a week for at least 12 weeks to apply to have up to \$5,000 of the taxpayer's state tax liability removed from the General Revenue Fund and placed in the Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics Fund. The Department of Higher Education must establish a procedure for approving applications, and the total amount of tax transferred annually cannot exceed \$50,000 for all participating taxpayers. Any donations to the fund from third parties will not count toward the \$50,000 limit.

The bill establishes the Economic-Education Partnership Act. An employer with facilities in Missouri that provides educational benefits to a qualified individual or trains a qualified individual for an employment position in one of the specified fields, can apply to have up to \$5,000 of the taxpayer's state tax liability transferred from the General Revenue Fund and placed in the Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics Fund. Training must be in the health care, engineering, or information technology fields for no more than one year. "Education benefits" are defined as the funds provided by an employer to a qualified individual or to an accredited educational institution for a period of up to five years to pay any portion of the tuition or fees for an employee who is a resident of Missouri to pursue an advanced certificate or an associates, bachelors, masters, or doctorate degree in health care, engineering, or information technology related programs. The department must establish a procedure for approving applications, and the total amount of tax transferred annually cannot exceed \$50,000 for all participating taxpayers. The department may audit employers to ensure compliance with these provisions.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Office of the State Treasurer
Department of Insurance, Financial Institutions, and Professional Registration
Department of Higher Education
Department of Economic Development
Office of the Secretary of State
Joint Committee on Administrative Rules
Office of Administration's Division of Budget and Planning
Department of Revenue



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